

YUMA COUNTY

Yuma County Administration Building

198 Main Street, Yuma, AZ 85364



Citizen's Annual Financial Report

**For the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2007**

"Yuma County Government is dedicated to providing customer-focused services to enhance the health, safety, well-being, and future of our entire Community."



Dear Citizens of Yuma County,

We are please to present Yuma County's sixth Popular Annual Financial Report (PAFR), prepared by the Department of Financial Services. This report provides a summary of the County's financial information in a simplified easy to read format. We hope this report gives you a better understanding of County government, local economic factors, and our financial condition.

Information in this report has been taken from the 2007 Yuma County Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). The CAFR contains management's representations concerning the finances of Yuma County in the form of financial statements. The CAFR was prepared in conformity with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), was audited by Heinfeld, Meech & Co., and received an unqualified opinion. That is the best audit opinion possible.

This Popular Annual Financial Report summarizes the financial activities of the primary government of Yuma County. The reports and statements contained in the PAFR condenses and simplifies our 2007 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for all Yuma County governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for all of Yuma County's expendable financial resources. Keep in mind that Governmental Funds seek to present and determine a financial position rather than the determination of income. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used in this report, which means revenues are recognized when measurable and available and expenditures when incurred.

The Popular Annual Financial Report of Yuma County was introduced as a means of increasing public confidence in County government and its elected officials through easier, more user-friendly financial reporting. The PAFR is **not** audited and does **not** conform to U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and governmental reporting standards.

As you review this report, we invite you to share any questions, concerns, or comments you may have. We also encourage you to review Yuma County's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR), that is presented in the nature of full-disclosure. The CAFR can be found at the Administration Building at 198 Main Street, any County Library facility, or by calling (928) 373-1012. The CAFR can also be found on the County's website www.co.yuma.az.us.

Respectfully,



Scott Holt
Director— Financial Services

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The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) has given an Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting to Yuma County for its Popular Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. The Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government popular reports.

In order to receive an Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting, a government unit must publish a Popular Annual Financial Report, whose contents conform to program standards of creativity, presentation, understandability, and reader appeal.

An Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Popular Annual Financial Reporting.

Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting

PRESENTED TO

Yuma County
Arizona

for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2006



Charles S. Co
President
Jeffrey L. Lewis
Executive Director

THE REPORTING ENTITY

Yuma County (Abridged)

County Profile: Yuma County, bordered by California to the West and Mexico to the South, was founded in 1864 as one of the four original counties established by the first Territorial Legislature. It maintained its designated boundaries until 1983 when voters resolved to split Yuma County into La Paz County in the north and a "new" Yuma County in the south encompassing 5,522 square miles.

In 1540, just 48 years after Columbus stumbled upon the New World, 18 years after the conquest of Mexico by Cortez, and 67 years before the settlement of Jamestown, Hernando de Alarcon visited the site of what is now the city of Yuma. He was the first European to set foot in the area and to recognize the best natural crossing of the Colorado River.

From the 1850s through the 1870s, steamboats on the Colorado River transported passengers and goods to mines, ranches and military outposts in the area, serving the ports of Yuma, Laguna, Castle Dome, Norton's Landing, Ehrenberg, Aubry, Ft. Mohave and Hardyville.

For many years, Yuma served as the gateway to the new western territory of California. In 1870, the Southern Pacific Railroad bridged the river, and Yuma became a hub for the railroad and was selected as the county seat.

Much of Yuma County is desert land accented by rugged mountains. The Valley contains an abundance of arable land irrigated by the Colorado River

The economy of the County is based largely on a variety of agricultural, service industries, wholesale and retail trade, military and government employment. During the winter months, the population nearly doubles with part-time residents, known as "snow birds".

Land Allocation

Indian reservations	0.2%
State of Arizona	7.7%
Individual or corporate	10.5%
U.S. Bureau of Land Mgmt.	14.8%
Other public lands	66.8%

Organization: A five-member Board of Supervisors carries out the governmental and administrative affairs of the County. Each member is elected from a designated district to serve a four-year concurrent term. The Board members collectively select the chair. The Board is responsible for establishing the policies of the County to provide guidance to the various County Departments, and appointing a County Administrator who is responsible for the general administrative and overall operations of the various departments of the County. The Board also furnishes budget authority to all County departments.



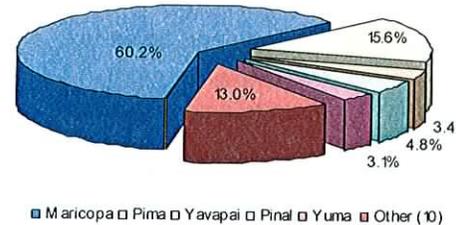
Top Left to Right: Russell McCloud, Marco A. Reyes, Gregory S. Ferguson; Bottom Left to Right Lenore Lorona Stuart, Kathryn Prochaska.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

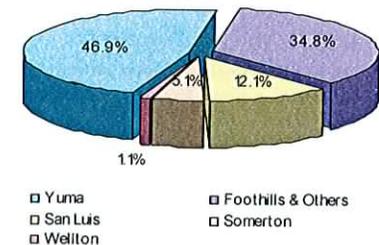
Population: At January 1, 2007, Yuma County's estimated annual population has grown by 22.7% since the last census for a total population of 196,390. This is slightly above the State of Arizona's growth of 17.8% in that same time with a total population of 6,305,210. Yuma County accounts for 3.1% of the total state population.

The majority of the population of Yuma County resides in the City of Yuma (46.9%). The Cities of San Luis, Somerton, the Town of Wellton, and all other areas account for 12.1%, 5.1%, 1.0%, and 34.9% respectively. Major growth continues in the Fortuna Foothills area and the City of San Luis.

State of Arizona
Percentage of Population by County
Estimates as of December 31, 2006
Source: AZ Dept of Economic Security

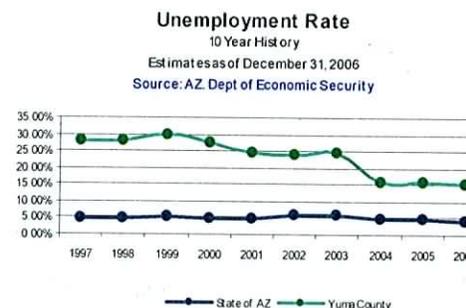


Yuma County
Percentage of Population by City
Estimates as of December 31, 2006
Source: AZ Dept of Economic Security



Employment: Unemployment rate on January 1, 2007 was 14.9%, a 1.6% decrease from the previous year of 16.0%. The line chart shows a 10 year history of Yuma County and the State of Arizona's Unemployment rates (Non-Adjusted for seasonal workers).

Per the Arizona Department of Economic Security, the net change in Employment for Yuma County compared to last year was an additional 1,467 jobs. The State of Arizona experienced a significant increase of 141,103 jobs. This reflects a stable State and County economy. The table below lists out, by Sector, the employment increase / (decrease) for both Yuma County and the State of Arizona.



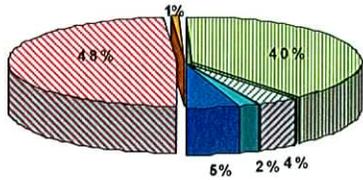
Sector	Yuma County	State of Arizona
Goods	900	32,500
Services	900	62,700
Mining & Construct	800	29,000
Manufacturing	(600)	7,200
Trade, Trans & Utilities	100	19,600
Financial Activities	100	8,700
All Government	1,700	(18,100)
All Other	3,465	-
Net Change	7,365	154,638

The Big Picture

(Sources) - Where the money comes from...

Governmental Funds: These funds are used to account for all Yuma County's expendable

Governmental Funds - Revenue Sources
Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2007



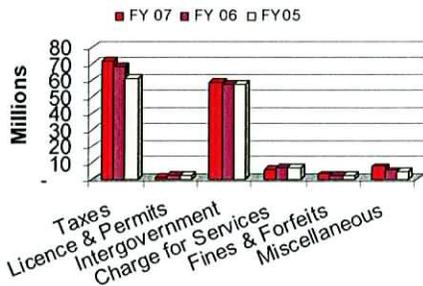
- Taxes
- Licence & Permits
- Intergovernment
- Charge for Services
- Fines & Forfeits
- Miscellaneous

REVENUES

Yuma County's Governmental revenues totaled 148,607,057 for fiscal year 2006-2007.

The majority of this year's revenues are from two sources: **Taxes** (Primordially Property and Sales tax); and **Intergovernmental** (Federal and State contributions).

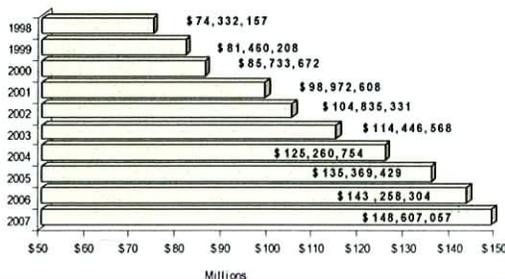
Governmental Funds - Revenue by Source
Last three fiscal years



The bar chart to the left shows a comparative three-year history of Yuma County revenues by source.

Fiscal year 2006-2007 recorded a 3.73% increase in revenues. Reflection of a stable State and Local economy.

Governmental Funds - Total Revenue Source
Last ten fiscal years



This last bar chart shows a ten year history of the total revenue source.

Total revenues have been increasing by an 8% average for the past ten years. The most significant increase was recorded for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2001 (15.4%).

The Big Picture

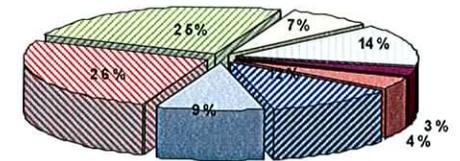
...Where the money goes to - (Uses)

financial resources. They account and record the governmental financial activities.

EXPENDITURES

During fiscal year end June 30, 2007 Yuma County's three major expenditure functions were General Government, Public Safety, and Capital Outlay. Combined they account for 62.2% of the total County's expenditures of \$150,840,358.

Governmental Funds - Expenditures by Function
Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2007

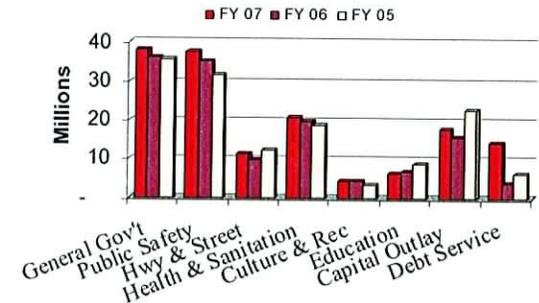


- General Gov't
- Public Safety
- Hwy & Street
- Health & Sanitation
- Culture & Rec
- Education
- Capital Outlay
- Debt Service

The bar chart to the right shows a comparative three years history of Yuma County's expenditures by function.

Fiscal year 2004-2005 recorded a 10.80% increase in expenditures compared to last fiscal year expenditures.

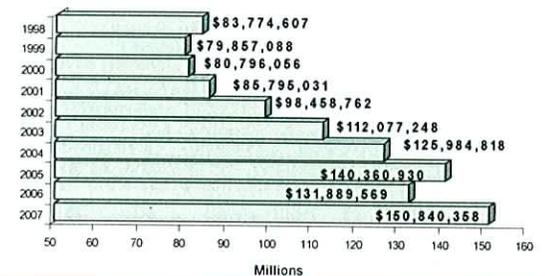
Governmental Funds - Expenditures by Function
Last three fiscal years



This last bar chart shows a ten year total expenditure history.

Total expenditures have been increasing by an 8.83% average for the past ten years. The most significant increase was recorded for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1998 (25%).

Governmental Funds - Total Expenditures
Last ten fiscal years

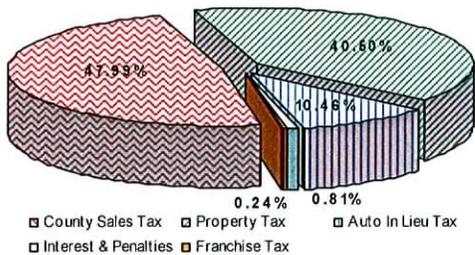


A Smaller Picture

(Sources) - Where the majority of the money comes from...

Revenues: Tax and Intergovernmental revenues have been the County's major sources

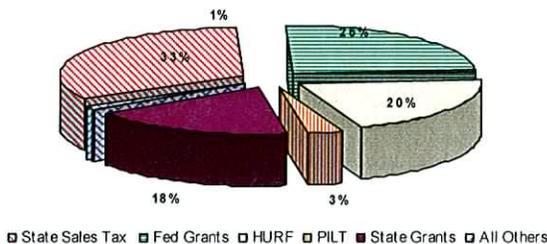
Tax Revenue Sources
Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2007



REVENUES

Sales Taxes represent nearly half of Tax Revenues. This tax is applied to certain sales transactions. Property Taxes are based on assessed valuation. Auto in Lieu of Tax comes from automobile licenses. Franchise Fees are applied to cable companies.

Intergovernmental Revenue Sources
Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2007



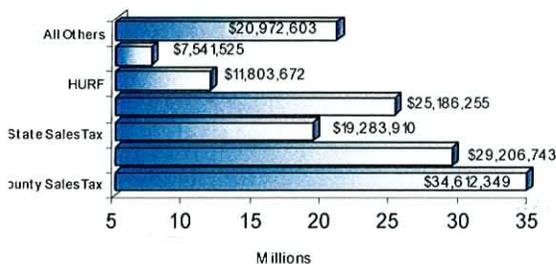
Intergovernmental Revenues are received from other governmental entities such as State or Federal.

State Shared Sales Tax are applied to certain sales transactions State wide. Grants from both Federal and State Governments are available to the County by meeting certain requirements and have restrictions on use.

Highway User Revenue Fund (HURF) comes from tax applied to Gas.

Payment in Lieu of Tax (PILT) is the major item on Other revenue. It is a Federal contribution for land use. Bar Chart shows Taxes are the major source of County's

Major Revenue Sources
Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2007



A Smaller Picture

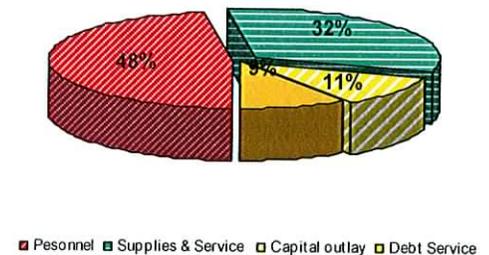
...Where the majority of the money goes to - (Uses)

Expenditures: Traditionally the majority of expenditures are personnel related.

EXPENDITURES

Can be segregated in four classes for better analysis: Personnel or salaries and benefits costs. \$71.6 Millions Supplies and Services Expenditures. \$48.1 Millions Capital Outlay purchases of large cost items. \$16.9Millions Debt Service payments due for borrowed funds. \$14.2

Expenditures - by Classification
Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2007

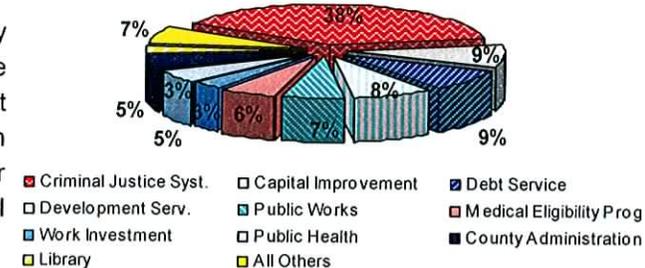


Agency Groups is another method of looking at all the County spending.

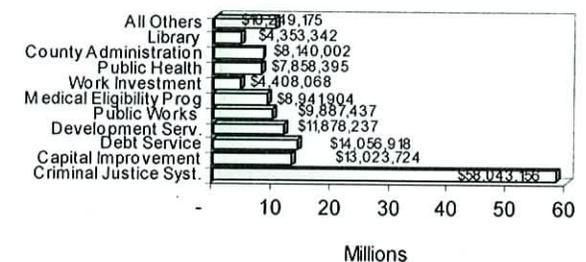
The predominate agency group is the Criminal Justice System (38%). The pie chart in the middle shows ten agencies that account for \$140,591,183 or 93% of total expenditures.

Bar Chart at the bottom indicates that Debt Service is the second agency in which most funds are expended. Large debt services payments related to the bond issuance for the construction of the Justice center occurred in this fiscal year. This will continue next fiscal year when the bond is expected to be paid in full.

Expenditures - by Agency Group
Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2007



Major Expenditures - by Agency Group
Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2007

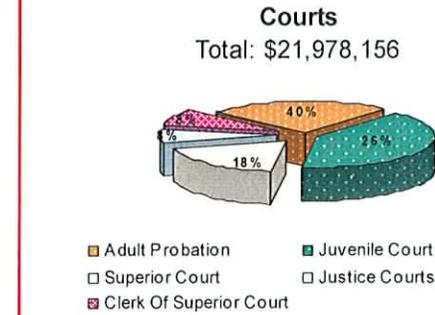
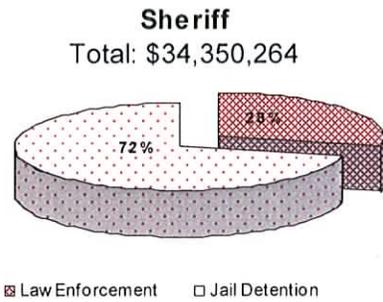


In the Spotlight

The Criminal Justice System Expenditures

The Sheriff

Law Enforcement accounts for the expenditures associated with patrol, investigations, and other normal operations. The Jail District is a tax-levying district established to acquire, construct, operate, and maintain the County Jail system. They primarily house inmates.

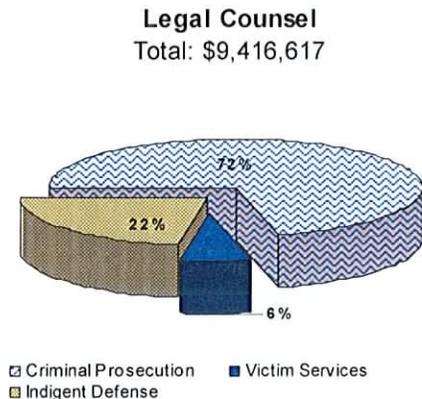


The Courts

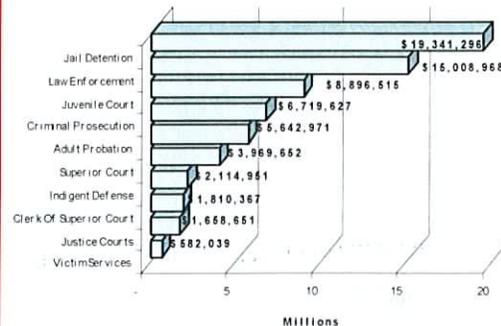
Composed of Adult Probation, Juvenile Court, Superior Court, Clerk of Superior Court, and Justice Court. The Judicial Branch system interprets and enforces law; monitors perpetrators; and collects fees as assigned.

Legal Counsel

Both Criminal Prosecution and Victim Services are administered through the Elected County Attorney. Indigent Defense are defense attorneys that are provided to people who can not afford an attorney administered through the Public Defender's and Legal Defender's offices. Instances of case overload or conflict are Court appointed to a contractual attorney.



Criminal Justice System - Expenditures by Agency
Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2007



In the Spotlight

How your County-wide Sales Taxes are Ultimately Used

County Sales Taxes	05-06	06-07	Variance	%
General Fund	\$11,883,146	\$12,427,290	\$544,144	4.6%
(General Operations)				
Jail District	11,883,481	12,427,423	543,942	4.6%
(General Operations)				
Capital Projects	11,826,904	7,292,550	(4,534,354)	-38.3%
(Specific Projects)				
Health District	1,999,216	2,169,675	170,459	8.5%
(General Operations)				
Total Sales Taxes	\$35,593,531	\$32,147,263	\$(3,446,268)	-9.7%

There are three (3) County sales taxes in Yuma County that are applied to certain transactions within the County limits. Each sales tax is one half of one percent (0.50%).

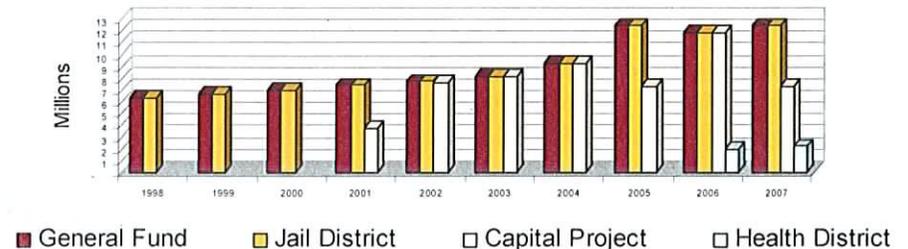
The first established is used to fund the General Fund's general operations.

The second established is the Jail District Sales Tax that was voter approved on May 15th, 1995 to finance the general operations of Yuma County's Jail District. This tax collection authority expires in 2015.

The third established is, the Capital Projects Sales Tax which was voter approved for the financing of Capital Projects on September 12th, 2000. This tax expired when the maximum collection amount of \$57,564,506 was reached in January, 2007. As of June 30, 2007, the Parking Structure, Juvenile facilities and the New Justice Center facilities were completed. The Historic Courthouse and the Area Service Highway will be completed in the next fiscal year. Debt payments are on schedule and will end in 2012.

The Health District has a one tenth of a percent sales tax (0.10%) to support the ongoing community health programs and the general operations of the District.

County Sales Taxes
Ten Year History





Yuma County
Combined Financial Activity Statement of Sources and Uses
 Year Ended June 30, 2007 (in millions)

	General Fund		All Other Governmental Funds Combined	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Revenues				
Taxes and Special Assessments	\$ 35.44	\$ 33.24	\$ 36.68	\$ 35.38
Licenses & Permits	1.12	1.91	0.36	0.14
Intergovernmental	23.01	21.79	35.78	36.07
Charges for Services	2.83	3.25	3.15	3.67
Fines & Forfeits	1.53	1.42	1.18	1.00
Miscellaneous	1.35	1.13	6.18	4.26
Total Revenues	\$ 65.27	\$ 62.74	\$ 83.33	\$ 80.52
Other Financing Sources				
Transfers In	0.42	0.01	27.62	20.43
Bond, Loan, & Lease Proceeds	0.14	0.00	10.35	10.05
Total Sources	\$ 65.83	\$ 62.76	\$ 121.31	\$ 111.01
Expenditures				
General Government	34.09	31.16	4.05	5.03
Public Safety	10.49	9.53	27.39	25.58
Highways & Streets	-	-	11.29	9.78
Health, Welfare, & Sanitation	10.02	9.67	10.96	9.91
Culture & Recreation	0.03	0.12	4.31	4.37
Education	0.34	0.32	5.85	6.65
Capital Outlay	0.82	0.80	16.97	15.06
Debt Service	0.16	0.06	14.06	3.85
Total Expenditures	\$ 55.96	\$ 51.66	\$ 94.88	\$ 80.23
Other Financing Uses				
Transfer Out	12.18	12.03	16.38	9.86
Total Uses	\$ 68.14	\$ 63.69	\$ 111.26	\$ 90.09
Excess Sources Over/(under)Uses	\$ (2.31)	\$ (0.93)	\$ 10.05	\$ 20.91

The Financial Activity Statement and Financial Position Statement are presented on a non-GAAP basis but were created employing the same accounting basis as used in the CAFR. Those desiring to view full disclosure, GAAP basis financial statements should refer to the County's CAFR. The CAFR can be obtained by either contacting Yuma County Finance or on the County's website www.co.yuma.az.us.

Yuma County
Combined Financial Position Statement - Benefits & Burdens
 Year Ended June 30, 2007 (in millions)



	General Fund		All Other Governmental Funds Combined	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Financial Benefits - (Assets)				
Cash & Invsmts w/ Treasurer	\$ 11.25	\$ 10.13	\$ 79.06	\$ 76.28
Cash & Invsmts w/ Others	-	-	21.70	12.08
Receivables	0.53	1.23	1.87	1.71
Due from other Funds & Govts	8.08	10.57	16.13	16.61
Other Assets	0.07	0.20	0.25	0.07
Total Financial Benefits - (Assets)	\$ 19.94	\$ 22.12	\$ 119.02	\$ 106.76
Financial Burdens - (Liabilities)				
Owed to Vendors	1.05	0.80	4.05	2.64
Owed to Employees	1.15	1.86	1.21	0.90
Due to other Funds & Govts	2.30	1.76	13.92	12.42
Deposits held by County	0.03	0.04	0.35	0.23
Debt Service Interest Payable	-	-	0.34	0.74
Debt Service Principal Payable	-	-	1.40	2.03
Deferred Revenues	0.63	0.57	0.76	0.85
Total Financial Burdens - (Liabilities)	\$ 5.15	\$ 5.02	\$ 22.02	\$ 19.82
Benefits over / (under) Burdens	\$ 14.79	\$ 17.10	\$ 97.00	\$ 86.94

The **Financial Activity Statement**, known in accounting terms as the "*Income Statement*", provides a record of the sources (revenues) and uses (expenditures) of providing County services.

The **Excess Sources over / (under) Uses** amount represents the gain or loss for the current year. This is similar to the "*net income*" for a business except there are no provisions for certain items such as depreciation or claims and judgments.

The **Financial Position Statement**, known in accounting terms as the "*Balance Sheet*", provides the financial benefits (assets) available to the County to provide services, while financial burdens (liabilities) describe the amount the County owes in providing those services.

The **Benefits over / (under) Burdens** amount represents the difference between financial benefits and burdens. Since certain sources are restricted to only specific uses, the Benefits over Burdens should be looked at as only similar to the "*Net Worth*" or "*Net Equity*" of the County.

Assessed Valuation



Joe Wehrle, Assessor

The County Assessor's office welcomes all questions and inquires. If you have questions regarding primary or secondary assessed valuations; or your own assessed valuation, stop by the County Assessor's office located at 410 S. Maiden Lane, Yuma AZ or they can be reached at (928) 373-6040 Monday through Friday from 8:00-5:00.

Tax Collections

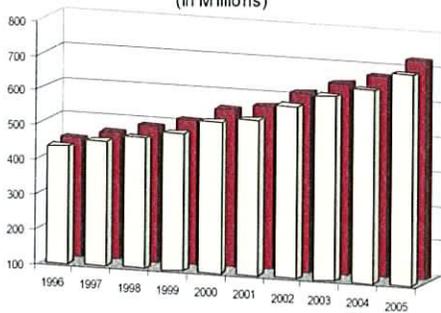


Karen Fritz, Treasurer

The County Treasurer's office collects and distributes property taxes for the State, county, cities and towns, community college districts, school districts, and special districts. If you have questions regarding tax payments or collections by the County Treasurer, their office is located at 410 S. Maiden Lane, Yuma, AZ or they can be reached at (928) 539-7781 Monday through Friday from 8:00-5:00

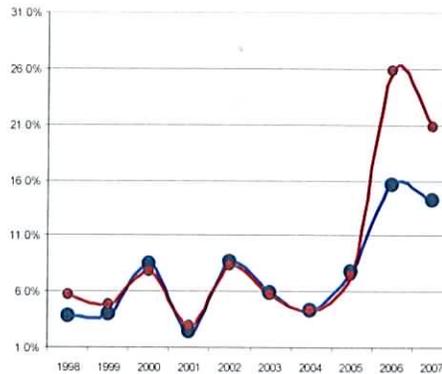
Yuma County - Total Assessed Valuations

Ten Year History
(In Millions)



□ Primary ■ Secondary

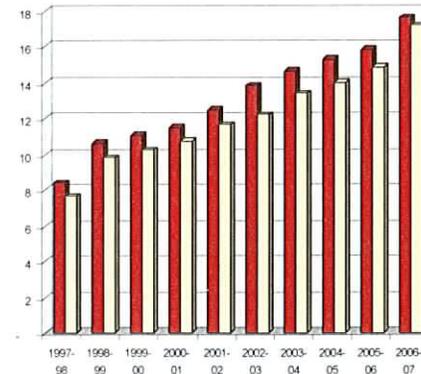
Change in Net Assessed Valuations
Ten Year History



— Primary — Secondary

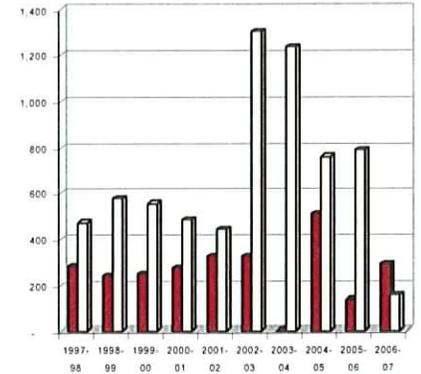
In tax year 2007, the net primary assessed valuation increased by 14.3% to \$937.8 million and the net secondary assessed valuation increased 20.7% to \$1,107.2 million. Yuma County's significant increase in assessed valuation was due primarily to the number of new residential and commercial constructions. This construction phenomena is being seen throughout the State of Arizona which had an increase of 15.18% and 32.07% for net primary and secondary assessed valuations, respectively. The primary assessed valuation is a legislated valuation, which provides taxes for general operations (General Fund). The secondary assessed valuation is a better indicator of market conditions since it is not restricted by statute and is the basis for the Flood Control District and Library District levies. Improvement Districts are generally levied and assessed using the acreage method, but may use the valuation method if it is more applicable to the circumstance. Above is a bar graph showing a ten (10) year history of Yuma County's net primary and secondary assessed valuations in total amount; and a line graph for Yuma County's Net Assessed Valuations change over the last ten (10) years for both Primary and Secondary Assessments.

Yuma County Property Taxes
Ten Year's History
(In Millions)



■ General Levy □ Current Collection

Yuma County Property Taxes
Ten Year History
(In Thousands)



■ Collected in Subsequent Year □ Delinquent Taxes

Current (2006-07) real estate and personal property tax collections were 97.47 of the General Fund tax levy, which is up from 94.15% of last fiscal year (2005-06).

Note: This figure only recognizes taxes collected in the fiscal year in which the taxes were levied; it does not recognize taxes collected in subsequent fiscal years.

Total Taxes Collected for fiscal year 2006-07 are at 99.11%, which is up from 94.99% of the prior fiscal year (2005-06).

Note: This percentage recognizes all taxes collected, including those collected in subsequent fiscal years.

Though this increase in current collections reduces the fees associated with the collection of delinquent (late) taxes, it helps the county maintain a current cash flow and assists in future year budgeting as the uncollectible percentage decreases.

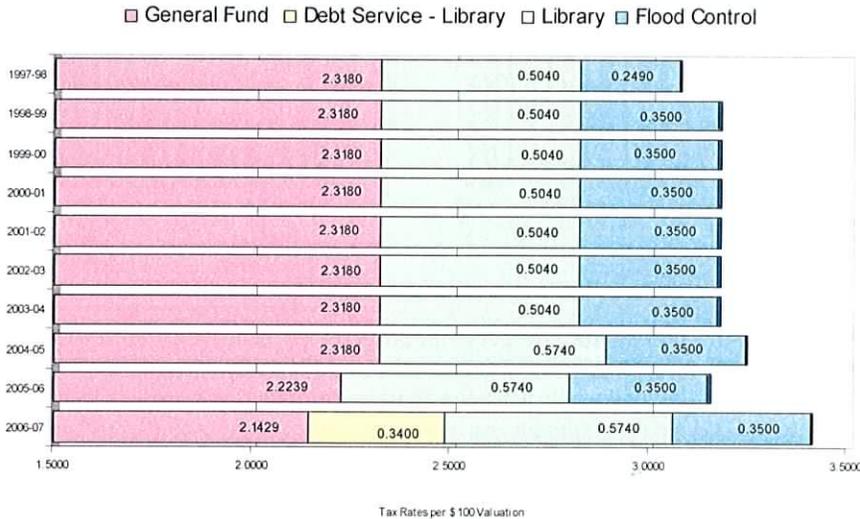
Property Taxes

History of Property Tax Rates

The County's last *primary* property tax rate increase was fiscal year 1997-98. The current County rate is \$2.1429 per \$100 Valuation. Primary net assessed valuations have increased 121.86% since that time.

Library District retained its operations property tax rate during current fiscal year (2006-07), but added \$.3400 for voter approved bond repayments for enhancements to library facilities. The last time the Flood Control District's raised their property tax rate was for fiscal year 1998-99, however this rate is still lower than in fiscal year 1996-97. Both of these district's tax rates are applied to the *secondary* assessed valuation.

Below is a chart showing the property tax rates for the County, Library District, Flood Control, and the *old* Debt Service for the past fifteen years.



Why would your property taxes change even though the adopted tax rate has remained the same

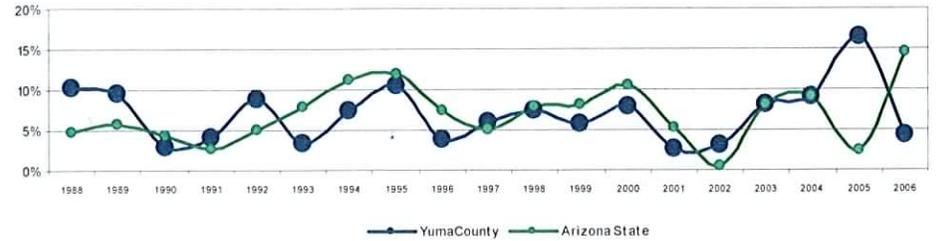


Residential property taxes are calculated by applying the tax rate per \$100 to the assessed valuation. If your property has a Full Cash Value of \$80,000 the assessed valuation for residential property would be 10% or \$8,000 and the tax rate is \$2.1429 per \$100, then the calculation for County Tax Liability would be:

$$\$80,000 \text{ times } 10\%, \text{ divided } 100, \text{ multiplied by } \$2.1429 = \$171.43.$$

Cash & Fund Balances and Retail Sales

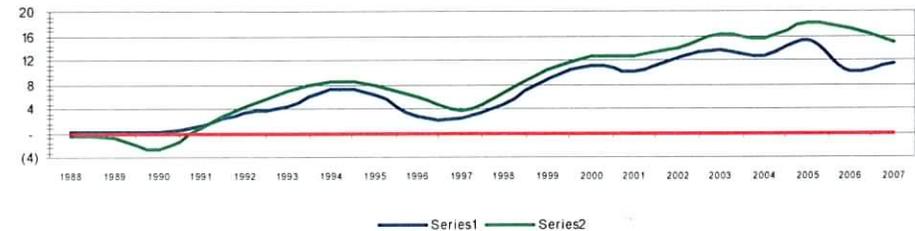
Percentage Growth Retail Sales
By Fiscal Year
18 Year History



Retail Sales

Retail sales grew at a rate of 4.4% this fiscal year, which is down from last years extraordinary growth rate of 16.4%. This is the sixth fiscal year since 2000 with higher rates of growth than the prior fiscal year, signs of a solid and continuously growing economy. Above is a graph showing the annual percentage change in retail sales for Yuma County and the State of Arizona.

Year End Cash & Fund Balance
Twenty Year History
(In Millions)



Cash & Fund Balance

At the close of fiscal year 2006-2007, the General Fund maintained adequate *cash* and *fund balance* levels to carry forward to fiscal year 2007-2008 for continuing operations.

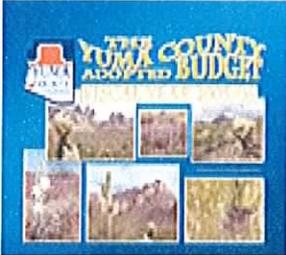
The graph above illustrates Yuma County's historically volatile Cash and Fund Balances with a Twenty (20) year history of year-end Cash and Fund Balances. **The BLUE line is Cash, the GREEN line is Fund Balance ("Net Worth"), and the Red line marks \$0.**

Long Term Plans

Adopted Budget

One of the most important duties of the Board of Supervisors is to adopt an annual budget for the County.

The budget process provides the County Board of Supervisors with the opportunity to match the needs of its customers (the community) and available resources with the intent of gaining the maximum return on each tax dollar. But the budget is more than just a financial plan. It is intended to fulfill four major functions through its role as: 1) A Policy Document, 2) A Financial Plan, 3) An Operations Guide, and 4) A Communication Medium.



Strategic Plan

The strategic Plan identifies a number of objectives the County intends to achieve by the year 2008. It is a separate document adopted by the Board of Supervisors and updated annually. It is a 5 year plan. The objectives of the Strategic Plan are integrated into the annual budget and form several of the Performance Measures appearing in each of the Agency budgets. The Strategic Plan identifies more than 150 objectives. Most of these are already being achieved or are on schedule to be achieved.



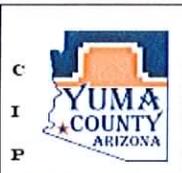
2010 Comprehensive Plan

The Comprehensive Plan is a 10 year plan that identifies the desired physical development of the County through the year 2010. In addition to providing a plan for land use, the plan identifies many possible strategies to bring about desired improvements.



Capital Improvement Program

This program is a 5 year plan of improvement projects planned by the County. The plan identifies projects larger than \$50,000 and mainly consists of construction projects, but also accounts for any associated debt with each project.



All these documents, as well as the CAFR, can be found at the Yuma County Administration Building located at 198 Main Street in Yuma, AZ or by calling (928) 373-1010 or on the Yuma County website www.co.yuma.az.us.

Board of Supervisors

Lenore L. Stuart

District 1
Precincts 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6
District Covers: Northern and Eastern Yuma
Business Owner



Russell McCloud

District 2
Precincts 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, and 16
District Covers: Southern and Eastern most of Yuma City
Business Owner



Casey Prochaska, Chair

District 3
Precincts 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25 and 26
District Covers: Eastern Yuma County
Pharmacist



Marco A. (Tony) Reyes

District 4
Precincts 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32 and 33
District Covers
Southern Yuma County
Businessman

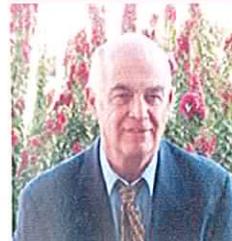


Gregory S. Ferguson, Vice Chair

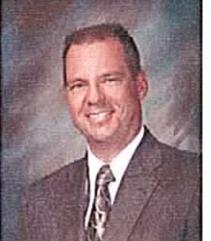
District 5
Precincts 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41 and 42
District Covers
Western Yuma County
Retired Marine



Right: Robert Pickels
Interim County Administrator



Left: Scott G. Holt
Director of Finance



YUMA COUNTY

"Yuma County Government is dedicated to providing customer-focused services to enhance the health, safety, well-being, and future of our entire community."

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

CHAIR

Casey Prochaska, 3rd District

VICE CHAIR

Gregory S. Ferguson, 5th District

Lenore L. Stuart, 1st District

Russell McCloud, 2nd District

Marco A. (Tony) Reyes, 4th District

COUNTY ADMINISTRATOR

Robert Pickels, Interim

FINANCIAL SERVICES DIRECTOR

Scott G. Holt

This report was brought to you by:
Yuma County's Department of Financial Services,
the Public and Legislative Affairs Office, and
the Yuma County Board of Supervisors.